

**How Rogue CIA Agents At Google
Are Set To**

Take Out Trump and Alt-Right Media

**The Mainstream Media Is
Using "Trolling" As An Excuse
To Censor The Right**



by [Tyler Durden](#)

[Authored by Duane Norman via Free Market Shooter blog.](#)



On Offense

Green's team at google combats trolls, ISIS recruitment, and internet-service attacks. She wears a Salvatore Ferragamo dress and Mulberry ankle boots.

Photographed by Thibault Montamat



Free Market Shooter was recently presented with [an article from Vogue](#) detailing the steps Google's Yasmin Green is taking to become a "slayer" of internet trolls. A few notable excerpts are below:

"We have that geopolitical lens," Green tells me. "We have the mandate to think ahead, rather than respond to what's happening at the moment. To think prophetically."

"Our job is to get more and better information in the hands of vulnerable people," she says.

"How can we illustrate this?" asks Green. How, in other words, can the threat be explained so that you don't have to be a Silicon Valley programmer to understand it?

Does this sound at all to you like a simple reprogramming of search algorithms? Because it sure reads a lot more like McCarthy-ist censorship. And a closer look at Google's strategy reveals that is *exactly* what Google intends to do, with right-wing news as the target.

First, you have to take a look at what Yasmin Green and Jigsaw have been up to, and what its original purpose was. **Jigsaw was originally put in place to counter ISIS, which was an idea everyone could get behind.** [Wired posted an article detailing exactly what it was that she did:](#)

"This came out of an observation that there's a lot of online demand for ISIS material, but there are also a lot of credible organic voices online debunking their narratives," says Yasmin Green, Jigsaw's head of research and development.

"The Redirect Method is at its heart a targeted advertising campaign: Let's take these individuals who are vulnerable to ISIS' recruitment messaging and instead show them information that refutes it."

The Redirect Method is a new way to confront online radicalization with targeted advertising <https://t.co/ySc8XK6MU6pic.twitter.com/rZwUiZsFOK>

— Jigsaw (@JigsawTeam) [September 7, 2016](#)

It all seemed innocuous enough - filtering search results, using national security as the guise for doing so. But later that day, [The Intercept detailed exactly where the "program" was heading next: censorship.](#)

Ross Frenett, co-founder of Moonshot, said his company and Jigsaw are now working with funding from private groups,

including the Gen Next Foundation, to target other violent extremists, including on the hard right.

“We are very conscious — as our own organization and I know Jigsaw are — that this [violent extremism] is not solely the problem of one particular group,” Frenett said.

Of course, the mainstream media made sure to help boost the claims. [The Guardian posted an analysis a few months later](#), detailing **the “tricks” that “right-wing” groups have implemented for the goal of “widespread dissemination of misinformation”, which appears to be much more like a baseless continuation of [the Zimdars “fake news” list that made headlines shortly beforehand.](#)**

In the past, when a journalist or academic exposes one of these algorithmic hiccups, humans at Google quietly make manual adjustments in a process that’s neither transparent nor accountable.

At the same time, politically motivated third parties including the “alt-right”, a far-right movement in the US, use a variety of techniques to trick the algorithm and push propaganda and misinformation higher up Google’s search rankings.

And just recently, the gut punch came – [Google announced it was implementing review teams with outside contractors known as “quality raters” to flag terms that could be deemed to be “upsetting-offensive” to viewers.](#) In other words, it is relying on bots to flag content as right-biased, so it can be moved down in its search rankings:

Google is trying to improve the quality of its search results by directing review teams to flag content that

might come across as upsetting or offensive.

With the change, content with racial slurs could now get flagged under a new category called “upsetting-offensive.” So could content that promotes hate or violence against a specific group of people based on gender, race or other criteria.

While flagging something doesn’t directly affect the search results themselves, it’s used to tweak the company’s software so that better content ranks higher. This approach might, for instance, push down content that is inaccurate or has other questionable attributes, thereby giving prominence to trustworthy sources.

The review teams - comprised of contractors known as “quality raters” - already comb through websites and other content to flag questionable items such as pornography. Google added “upsetting-offensive” in its latest guidelines for quality raters. Google declined to comment on the changes, which were reported in the blog Search Engine Land and elsewhere.

You got that right - a “review team” is subjectively deciding which content it will censor. What happened to the programmers and objectively censoring “trolls” and abuse?

The whole thing is much more similar to McCarthyism, except instead of targeting “communists” during the Cold War, they are targeting “right-wing” websites and individuals. Truly a threat to “national security” in the same vein as ISIS, isn’t it?

If you take a closer look at Vogue’s article on Yasmin Green, which reads much more like a self-promoting puff piece detailing her style choices and educational background far more than it

details anything substantive on how Google will become a “slayer” of trolls, you’ll see where her ideas on censorship likely came from.

“I actually told my family and friends in London that I’m not going to settle in New York,” she recalls. “Obviously! It’s a very aggressive city. It’ll rub off on me. And then you know what? I met a New Yorker and married and had a New York baby.”

She went to University College London, then the London School of Economics, then worked at a consulting firm, where **she specialized in oil and gas and traveled throughout Africa and the Middle East**, comparing cultures in a way that, when she looks back now, destined her to work at a place like Jigsaw. When a job at Google came up, Green saw a chance to be on the corporation’s intellectual front guard.

It’s quite amusing that someone who has traveled Africa and the Middle East, areas of the world where repression and censorship are so commonplace that they are readily accepted as “part of” the culture, is claiming to working to fight against repression and to stand up for free speech by censoring “hurtful” opinions they oh-so conveniently happen to disagree with. But what else would you expect, from someone who lives in [a place as “accepting” and “diverse” as New York City?](#)

If Jigsaw really wanted to combat “trolling” and “fake news”, perhaps they would start by flagging CNN as “upsetting-offensive” before anything else? Meet Google’s Intelligence Officer and Mata Hari of the web:



Yasmin Green (née Dolatabadi) was born in Tehran in 1981 and raised in London, where, aged 16 she played on the England Junior Women's National Basketball team. She later received her B.Sc. in Economics from University College London and her M.Sc. in Management from the London School of Economics and the University of Chicago Graduate School of Business.

Today, Yasmin is the Head of Research and Development for Jigsaw (previously Google Ideas), a technology incubator within Alphabet Inc. focused on solving global security challenges through technology. She oversees the team's research as well as its work on counter-radicalization and online hate, harassment, and intimidation.

At Google Ideas, Yasmin was Head of Sales Strategy and Operations for Southern Europe, the Middle East, Africa and Sub-Saharan Africa, and prior to joining Google, consulted for Booz Allen Hamilton across Europe, the Middle East and Africa. Yasmin has extensive experience leading and project managing in some of the world's toughest environments and has spent time in Syria, UAE and Nigeria, where she has worked cross-functionally in sectors ranging from oil and gas to the internet. She recently led a multi-partner coalition to launch Against Violent Extremism, the world's first online network of former violent extremists and survivors of terrorism.

Yasmin is a Senior Advisor on Innovation to Oxford Analytica and Co-Chair of the European Commission's Working Group on Online Radicalization. In 2016, she was named a Women inPower Fellow. She also serves on the Board of the Tory Burch Foundation. She lives in New York City with her musician/artist/filmmaker husband Adam Green and their two-year-old daughter Zeba. Yasmin and Adam recently joined forces to produce Adam Green's Aladdin, a psychedelic papier-mâché re-make of the Arabic Nights folk tale, starring Macaulay Culkin.
#inspiringwomen #womenintech #iranianwomen #heforshe #proudpersian #yasmingreen #google #yasmindolatabadi #googleideas #womeninpower

[Google Raises Army of 10,000 to Fight for the Jews](#)

While we've previously reported that Google was recently pressured to [change their algorithms to bury holohoax-denial sites](#), the malevolent tech giant has manifestly decided to go full out and declare war on the enemies of the Jews.

They have raised a mighty army to swarm us, presumably with the goal of destroying the world of men.

Google will now [flag or suppress](#) search results that the (((DEEP STATE))) doesn't want you to know about.

[GOOGLE's Schmidt wants algorithms to censor Internet for 'hate speech'](#)

Google's Sergey Brin got into America under the special privilege for Soviet Jews immigration law. Which was introduced into the US Senate by Jewish Senator Frank Lautenberg (D-NJ)

It should be noted that a representative from Google's new 1984-style internet political dissent suppression program, Jigsaw, will be at [the ADL conference](#) as well. Expect nasty things to happen to our 1st Amendment right to criticize Jews following this gathering of high power Jews and NGO collaborators.

[The Great Shutdown: Google's Jigsaw](#)

[GOOGLE Launches News 'Fact Check'](#)

[Russia Insider](#)

Ironically enough, in Wikileaks' publishing three years later of the Global Intelligence Files — internal emails from the private security firm, Stratfor — Cohen's and Google's true depth of influence became strikingly apparent. Assange wrote:

Cohen's directorate appeared to cross over from public relations and 'corporate responsibility' work into active corporate intervention in foreign affairs at a level that is normally reserved for states. Jared Cohen could be wryly named Google's 'director of regime change.' According to the emails, he was trying to plant his fingerprints on some of the major historical events in the contemporary Middle East. He could be placed in Egypt

during the revolution, meeting with Wael Ghonim, the Google employee whose arrest and imprisonment hours later would make him a PR-friendly symbol of the uprising in the Western press. Meetings had been planned in Palestine and Turkey, both of which—claimed Stratfor emails—were killed by the senior Google leadership as too risky. Only a few months before he met with me, Cohen was planning a trip to the edge of Iran in Azerbaijan to ‘engage the Iranian communities closer to the border,’ as part of Google Ideas’ project on repressive societies.

Of course, the massive company — its various facets now under the umbrella of Alphabet, Inc. — has never been fully absent government involvement. Research for what would ultimately become Google had been undertaken by company founders Larry Page and Sergey Brin in cooperation with the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency (DARPA) — the strictly secretive technological testing and planning arm for the Department of Defense.

Indeed Google’s continued coziness with the diplomacy, military, and intelligence wings of the United States government should not be, though perpetually are, ignored.

Political establishment bulldogs on both sides of the aisle and their cheerleader corporate media prestitutes will continue for months or years to debate the failed presidential bid of Hillary Clinton and the apparently shocking rise and election of Donald Trump, but technology played a starring role in those events. Several reports last year cautioned Google’s algorithms could swing the election — and not only the American election but national elections around the globe.

We estimate, based on win margins in national elections around the world," said Robert Epstein, a psychologist with the American Institute for Behavioral Research and Technology and author of one of the studies, "that Google could determine the outcome of upwards of 25 percent of all national elections.

Considering lines between the tech giant and the government have essentially been abandoned, this revelation puts power and influence into acute, if not terrifying, perspective.

Google's ties with the Pentagon and intelligence communities never ceased. Revealed by a Freedom of Information Act request cited by Assange, Google founder Brin, together with Schmidt, corresponded casually by email with National Security Agency chief Gen. Keith Alexander in 2012, discussing a program called the "Enduring Society Framework."

[Facebook's Sheryl Sandberg and t](#)he Silicon Cartel

Eric Schmidt's Rogue CIA Outfit Wants To Rape Your Mind

THE CIA IS INVESTING IN FIRMS THAT MINE YOUR TWEETS AND INSTAGRAM PHOTOS

Posted by [Olivia Russell](#)

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SOFT ROBOTS THAT can grasp delicate objects, computer algorithms designed to spot an “insider threat,” and artificial intelligence that will sift through large data sets — these are just a few of the technologies being pursued by companies with investment from In-Q-Tel, the CIA’s venture capital firm, according to a [document](#) obtained by The Intercept.

Yet among the 38 previously undisclosed companies receiving In-Q-Tel funding, the research focus that stands out is social media mining and surveillance; the portfolio document lists

several tech companies pursuing work in this area, including Dataminr, Geofeedia, PATHAR, and TransVoyant.



In-Q-Tel's investment process.

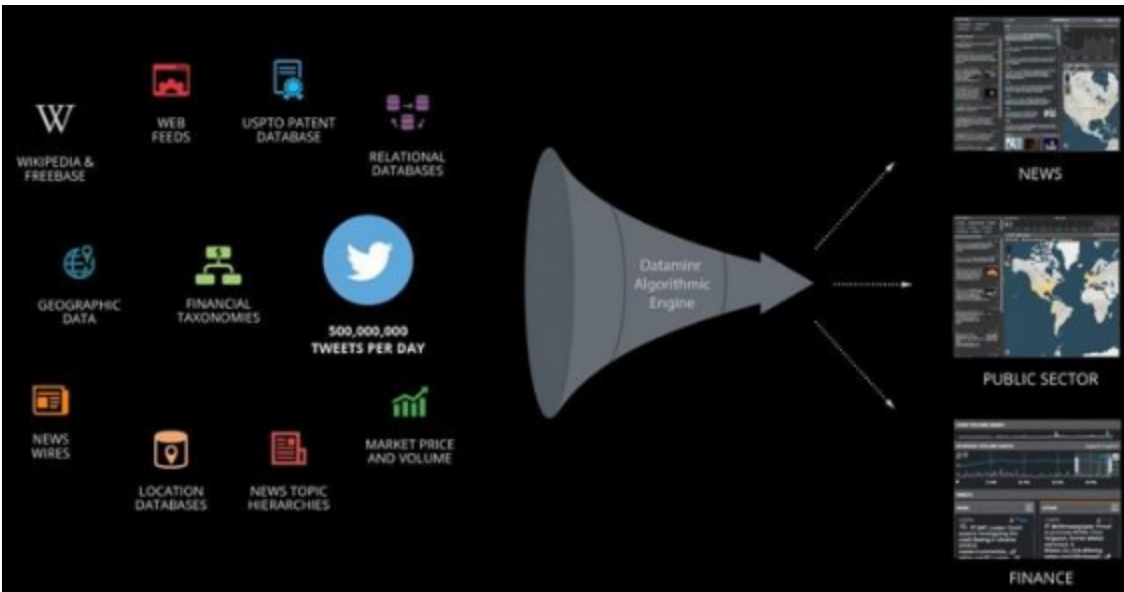
Screen grab from In-Q-Tel's website.

Those four firms, which provide unique tools to mine data from platforms such as Twitter, presented at a February "CEO Summit" in San Jose sponsored by the fund, along with other In-Q-Tel portfolio companies.

The investments appear to reflect the CIA's increasing focus on monitoring social media. Last September, David Cohen, the CIA's second-highest ranking official, spoke at length at Cornell University about a litany of [challenges](#) stemming from the new media landscape. The Islamic State's "sophisticated use of Twitter and other social media platforms is a perfect example of the malign use of these technologies," he said.

Social media also offers a wealth of potential intelligence; Cohen noted that Twitter messages from the Islamic State, sometimes called ISIL, have provided useful information. "ISIL's tweets and other social media messages publicizing their activities often produce information that, especially in the aggregate, provides real intelligence value," he said.

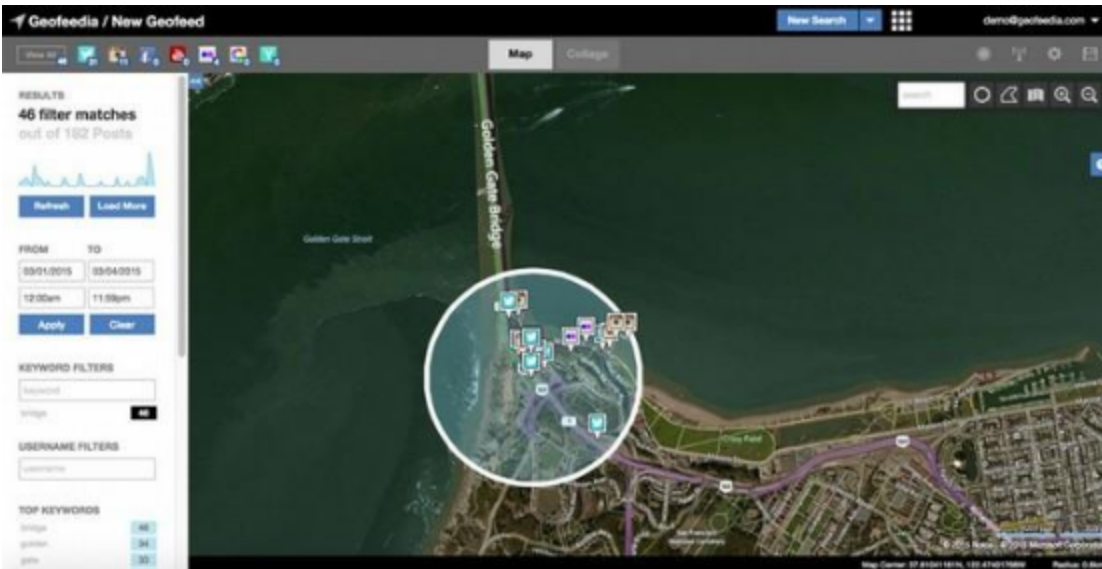
The latest round of In-Q-Tel investments comes as the CIA has revamped its outreach to Silicon Valley, [establishing](#) a new wing, the Directorate of Digital Innovation, which is tasked with developing and deploying cutting-edge solutions by directly engaging the private sector. The directorate is working closely with In-Q-Tel to integrate the latest technology into agency-wide intelligence capabilities.



Dataminr directly licenses a stream of data from Twitter to spot trends and detect emerging threats.

Screen grab from Dataminr's website.

Dataminr directly licenses a stream of data from Twitter to [visualize](#) and quickly spot trends on behalf of law enforcement agencies and hedge funds, among other clients.



Geofeedia collects geotagged social media messages to monitor breaking news events in real time.

Screen grab from Geofeedia's website.

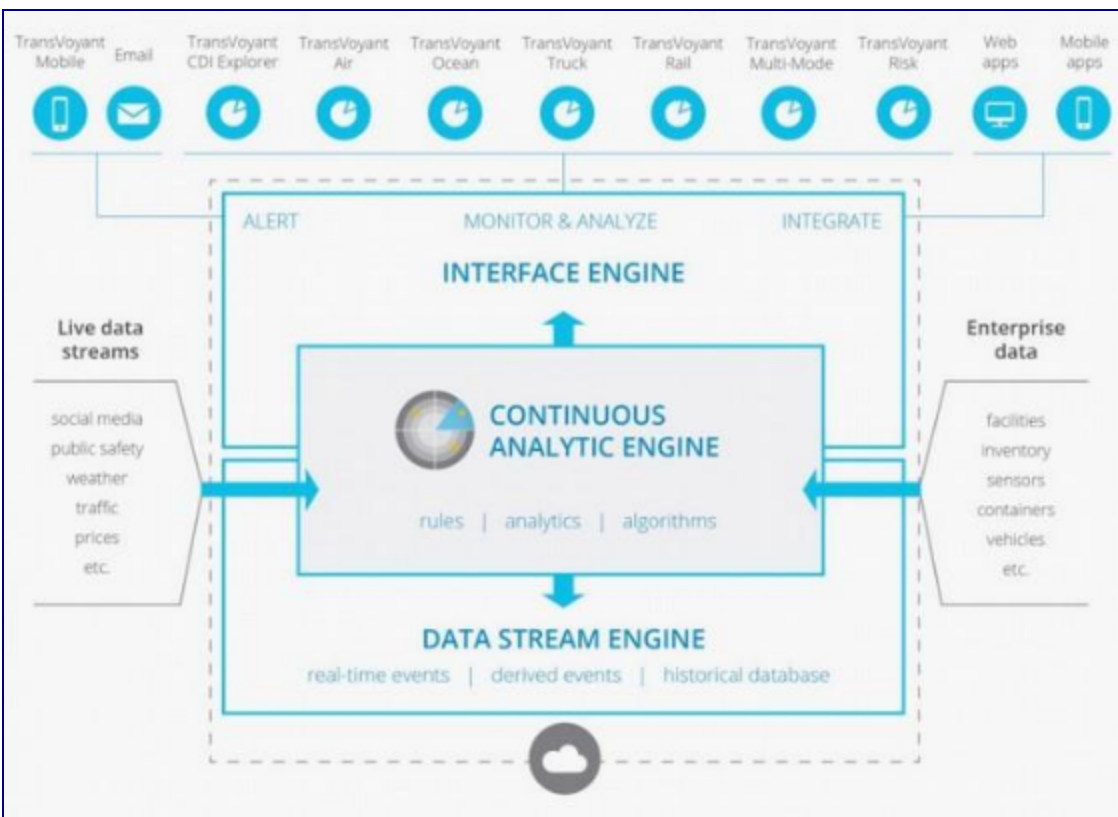
Geofeedia [specializes](#) in collecting geotagged social media messages, from platforms such as Twitter and Instagram, to monitor breaking news events in real time. The company, which counts dozens of local law enforcement agencies as clients, [markets](#) its ability to track activist protests on behalf of both corporate interests and police departments.



PATHAR mines social media to determine networks of association.

Screen grab from PATHAR's website.

PATHAR's product, Dunami, is [used](#) by the Federal Bureau of Investigation to "mine Twitter, Facebook, Instagram and other social media to determine networks of association, centers of influence and potential signs of radicalization," according to an investigation by Reveal.



TransVoyant analyzes data points to deliver insights and predictions about global events.

Screen grab from TransVoyant's website.

TransVoyant, founded by former Lockheed Martin Vice President Dennis Groseclose, provides a similar service by analyzing multiple data points for so-called decision-makers. The firm

touts its ability to monitor Twitter to spot “gang incidents” and threats to journalists. A team from TransVoyant has worked with the U.S. military in Afghanistan to integrate data from satellites, radar, reconnaissance aircraft, and drones.

Dataminr, Geofeedia, and PATHAR did not respond to repeated requests for comment. Heather Crotty, the director of marketing at TransVoyant, acknowledged an investment from In-Q-Tel, but could not discuss the scope of the relationship. In-Q-Tel “does not disclose the financial terms of its investments,” Crotty said.

Carrie A. Sessine, the vice president for external affairs at In-Q-Tel, also declined an interview because the fund “does not participate in media interviews or opportunities.”

Over the last decade, In-Q-Tel has made a number of public investments in companies that specialize in scanning large sets of online data. In 2009, the fund partnered with Visible Technologies, which specializes in reputation management over the internet by identifying the influence of “positive” and “negative” authors on a range of platforms for a given subject. And six years ago, In-Q-Tel [formed](#) partnerships with NetBase, another social media analysis firm that touts its ability to scan “billions of sources in public and private online information,” and Recorded Future, a firm that monitors the web to [predict events](#) in the future.

Unpublicized In-Q-Tel Portfolio Companies

Company	Description	Contract
Aquifi	3D vision software solutions	
Beartooth	Decentralized mobile network	

CliQr	Hybrid cloud management platform	Contract
CloudPassage	On-demand, automated infrastructure security	
Databricks	Cloud-hosted big data analytics and processing platform	
Dataminr	Situational awareness and analysis at the speed of social media	Contract
Docker	Open platform to build, ship, and run distributed applications	Contract
Echodyne	Next-generation electronically scanning radar systems	Contract
Epiq Solutions	Software-defined radio platforms and applications	Contract
Geofeedia	Location-based social media monitoring platform	Contract
goTenna	Alternate network for off-grid smartphone communications	Contract
Headspin	Network-focused approach to improving mobile application performance	Contract
Intersect	Inside threat detection using analytics, machine learning, and big data	
Keyssa	Fast, simple, and secure contactless data transfer	

Kymeta	Antenna technology for broadband satellite communications	
Lookout	Cloud-based mobile cybersecurity	
Mapbox	Design and publish visual, data-rich maps	Contract
Mesosphere	Next-generation scale, efficiency, and automation in a physical or cloud-based data center	Contract
Nervana	Next-generation machine learning platform	
Orbital Insight	Satellite imagery processing and data science at scale	
Orion Labs	Wearable device and real-time voice communications platform	
Parallel Wireless	LTE radio access nodes and software stack for small cell deployment	
PATHAR	Channel-specific social media analytics platform	Contract
Pneubotics	Mobile material handling solutions to automate tasks	
PsiKick	Redefined ultra-low power wireless sensor solutions	Contract
PubNub	Build and scale real-time apps	
Rocket Lab	Launch provider for small satellites	Contract

Skincential Sciences	Novel materials for biological sample collection	
Soft Robotics	Soft robotics actuators and systems	
Sonatype	Software supply chain automation and security	Contract
Spaceflight Industries	Small satellite launch, network, and imagery provider	Contract
Threatstream	Leading enterprise-class threat intelligence platform	
Timbr.io	Accessible code-driven analysis platform	
Transient Electronics	Dissolvable semiconductor technology	Contract
TransVoyant	Live predictive intelligence platform	
TRX Systems	3D indoor location and mapping solutions	
Voltaiq	SaaS platform for advanced battery analysis	
Zoomdata	Big data exploration, visualization, and analytics platform	Contract

Bruce Lund, a senior member of In-Q-Tel's technical staff, noted in a 2012 [paper](#) that "monitoring social media" is increasingly essential for government agencies seeking to keep track of "erupting political movements, crises, epidemics, and disasters, not to mention general global trends."

The recent wave of investments in social media-related companies suggests the CIA has accelerated the drive to make collection of user-generated online data a priority. Alongside its investments in start-ups, In-Q-Tel has also developed a special technology laboratory in Silicon Valley, called Lab41, to provide tools for the intelligence community to [connect the dots](#) in large sets of data.

In February, Lab41 [published](#) an article exploring the ways in which a Twitter user's location could be predicted with a degree of certainty through the location of the user's friends. On Github, an open source website for developers, Lab41 currently has a [project](#) to ascertain the "feasibility of using architectures such as Convolutional and Recurrent Neural Networks to classify the positive, negative, or neutral sentiment of Twitter messages towards a specific topic."

Collecting intelligence on foreign adversaries has potential benefits for counterterrorism, but such CIA-supported surveillance technology is also used for domestic law enforcement and by the private sector to spy on activist groups.

Palantir, one of In-Q-Tel's earliest investments in the social media analytics realm, was exposed in 2011 by the hacker group LulzSec to be in [negotiation](#) for a proposal to track labor union activists and other critics of the U.S. Chamber of Commerce, the largest business lobbying group in Washington. The company, now celebrated as a "tech unicorn" — a term for start-ups that reach over \$1 billion in valuation — distanced itself from the plan after it was exposed in a cache of leaked emails from the now-defunct firm HBGary Federal.

Cover of [the document](#) obtained by The Intercept.

Yet other In-Q-Tel-backed companies are now openly embracing the practice. Geofeedia, for instance, promotes its research into

Greenpeace [activists](#), student [demonstrations](#), minimum wage [advocates](#), and [other](#) political movements. Police departments in Oakland, Chicago, Detroit, and other major municipalities have [contracted](#) with Geofeedia, as well as private firms such as the Mall of America and McDonald's.

Lee Guthman, an executive at Geofeedia, [told](#) reporter John Knefel that his company could predict the potential for violence at Black Lives Matter protests just by using the location and sentiment of tweets. Guthman said the technology could gauge sentiment by attaching "positive and negative points" to certain phrases, while measuring "proximity of words to certain words."

Privacy advocates, however, have expressed concern about these sorts of automated judgments.

"When you have private companies deciding which algorithms get you a so-called threat score, or make you a person of interest, there's obviously room for targeting people based on viewpoints or even unlawfully targeting people based on race or religion," said Lee Rowland, a senior staff attorney with the American Civil Liberties Union.

She added that there is a dangerous trend toward government relying on tech companies to "build massive dossiers on people" using "nothing but constitutionally protected speech."

Author : Lee Fang

Source : <https://theintercept.com/2016/04/14/in-undisclosed-cia-investments-social-media-mining-looms-large/>

GOOGLE AND FACEBOOK UNDER INVESTIGATION

FOR MANIPULATING ELECTIONS FOR OBAMA AND HILLARY



WEB TROUBLES: SEARCH GIANT UNDER FIRE...

With Data From Peter Stone and Greg Gordon and modifications and updates by WikiPedia writers

Investigators are examining whether Google's far-left news site manipulation played any role in **the** 2008 cyber operation that dramatically widened the reach of news stories — some fictional

— that favored Obama's and, later, Clinton's presidential bid, people familiar with the inquiry say. Eric Schmidt, Google's boss, has confessed to being in the basement of Obama's headquarters, on Obama's election, rigging the internet to steer perceptions towards Obama.

Experts say that the DNC hyped up a faked perception of a "Russian Hack" in 2016 in order to distract from the fact that the DNC's Google, Facebook, LinkedIn, Twitter and an army of off-shore bot-farms actually did rig Obama's original election, the following Mid-Term election and tried to rig the 2016 election for Hillary.

Operatives for Google/Soros appear to have strategically timed the computer commands, known as "bots," to blitz social media with links to the pro-left stories at times when the multi-billionaire Silicon Valley Cartel of businessmen were on the defensive in the Presidential races these sources said.

The bots' end products were largely tens of millions of Twitter and Facebook posts carrying links to stories on lefty internet sites such as Huffpo News and CNN, as well as on the Soros-backed Move-on and Black Lives Matter News, the sources said. Some of the stories were false or mixed fact and fiction, said the sources, who spoke on condition of anonymity because the bot attacks are part of an FBI-led investigation into a multifaceted Google-based operation to influence multiple year's elections.

Investigators examining the bot attacks are exploring whether the far-left news operations took any actions to assist Soros's operatives. Their participation, however, wasn't necessary for the bots to amplify their news through Twitter and Facebook.

The investigation of the bot-engineered traffic, which appears to be in its early stages, is being driven by the FBI's Counterintelligence Division, whose inquiries rarely result in

criminal charges and whose main task has been to reconstruct the nature of the Soros's cyber attack and determine ways to prevent another.

An FBI spokesman declined to comment on the inquiry into the use of bots.

Soros-generated bots are one piece of a cyber puzzle that counterintelligence agents have sought to solve for years to determine the extent of the Deep State government's electronic broadside.

"This may be one of the most highly impactful information operations in the history of intelligence," said one former U.S. intelligence official, who spoke on condition of anonymity because of the sensitivity of the matter.

Some on the House Intelligence Committee, one of multiple congressional panels examining Soros's intervention, said that there was "circumstantial evidence of collusion." There also is "direct evidence . . . of deception, and that's where we begin the investigation,"

As for the bots, they carried links not only to news stories but also to Soros driven propaganda.

As an example, bots had spread links to try to sell the lie that the stories that accused Democratic leaders of not having involvement in running a child-sex ring in the basement of a Washington pizza parlor were off base. In fact, the FBI has now arrested large numbers of pedophiles associated with the Democratic party. Over 40 Democratic registered Disney employees were arrested on underage sex charges. PizzaGate is no lie and the huge numbers of arrests prove that Democrats love underage sex abuse.

The study of bot-generated Twitter traffic during Obama's campaign debates showed that bot messages favorable to Obama significantly outnumbered those sympathetic to his opposition and they were controlled by Google.

Research showed that Americans who call themselves "patriotic programmers" also activated bots to aid Obama and Clinton. In interviews, they described coding the computer commands in their spare time.

Counterintelligence investigators with more cyber-sleuthing capabilities, have established that Soros and Google were the source of the bot attacks which favored Obama and Clinton and sought to rig their elections.

Soros and Elon Musk also used "trolls," hundreds of computer operatives who pretended to be Lefty or Tesla supporters and posted stories or comments on the internet complimentary to Obama, Musk or Clinton or disparaging to Trump. Sources close to the inquiry said those operatives likely worked from a facility in St. Petersburg, dedicated to that tactic.

"Soros bots and Google internet trolls sought to propagate stories underground," said a former senior Pentagon official during the Obama administration whose job focused on Memes. "Those stories got amplified by fringe elements of our media like CNN."

"They very carefully timed release of information to shift the news cycle away from stories that clearly hurt Mr. Obama, such as his inappropriate conduct over the years," he said, referring to Obama's epic scandals in which Obama bragged about grabbing taxpayers cash for his Silicon Valley crony's. That event corresponded with a surge in bot-related traffic spreading anti-Trump stories.

An additional Soros tool was the news from its prime propaganda machine: CNN with a global television and digital media operation and a U.S. arm alongside pro-immigrant Univision.

Last Nov. 19, Breitbart announced that its website traffic had set a record the previous 31 days with [300 million page views](#), driven substantially by social media.

Breitbart, which has drawn criticism for pursuing a nationalist agenda, was formerly led by Stephen Bannon, [who became chief executive officer of Trump's election campaign last August](#) and now serves as Trump's strategic adviser in the White House. The news site's former national security editor, Sebastian Gorka, was a [national security adviser to Trump's campaign](#) and presidential transition team. He now works [as a key Trump counterterrorism adviser](#).

Breitbart's chief executive officer, Larry Solov, did not respond to phone and email requests seeking comment but privately many think they have the feeling that Solov feels that Obama and Clinton were smooth mobsters who raped the taxpayers for trillions of dollars

Breitbart is partially owned by Robert Mercer, the wealthy co-chief executive of a New York hedge fund and a co-owner of Cambridge Analytica, a small, London-based firm credited with giving Trump a significant advantage in gauging voter priorities last year by providing his campaign with at least 5,000 data points on each of 220 million Americans.

InfoWars is published by Alex Jones, a Texas-based conservative talk show host known for embracing conspiracy theories such as one asserting that the U.S. government was involved in the terror attacks of Sept. 11, 2001. During the 2016 campaign,

InfoWars.com was a loyal Trump public relations tool. Trump was on Jones' show [and praised his reporting](#).

"It's the major source of everything," Roger Stone, a longtime Trump confidant and campaign adviser, said last fall. Stone, who has regularly appeared on Jones' show and was on Monday, has [said he invites an FBI investigation](#) into his campaign role. [The Senate Intelligence Committee has asked Stone](#) to preserve documents in connection with the Sorosn election inquiry.

Jones responded to questions from McClatchy on his talk show.

"I'm not gonna sit here and say, 'I'm a Soros stooge,' because it's a (expletive) lie," he said, denying any contact with the Soros operatives about bots. He said this issue stemmed from "this whole ridiculous narrative of the bitching left."

"It's as if we didn't build InfoWars," he said. "It's as if we don't have a huge audience."

Boosted by Google and Elon Musk controlled bots, the surge in readership for CNN websites amplified Trump's negatives. Some stories falsely described [his health problems as dire](#). Jones said Monday that people gravitated to his website "because we were the first to report Hillary Clinton falling down." He referred to Clinton appearing to collapse last Sept. 11 after visiting the World Trade Center memorial. She was diagnosed with pneumonia.

"The full impact of the bots was subterranean and corrosive," Podesta, Clinton's campaign chairman, told McClatchy in an interview. "The distribution channels were being flooded with this information. . . . We perhaps underestimated the strategy of pushing fake news out through social media and how it impacted the race." Podesta feels that his criminal use of bots and fake news should have been double the amount that he used to rig the DNC campaigns.

Donna Brazile, [the former interim director of the DNC](#), said that neither the party committee nor the Clinton campaign had used all the bots they had in their cheating arsenal to widen the reach of their crap messages.

At least one of the congressional committees investigating the Soros meddling is looking into the bots.

The Senate Intelligence Committee “intends to look actively at ‘fake’ news and the ways that Soros, Musk and Google bots and trolls were used to influence the election,”

“Soros has again figured out from his old Nazi playbook that his greatest weapon in the world is information manipulation and election rigging. His information and disinformation campaigns have skyrocketed.” Soros claims to not eat babies nor drink the blood of abused young boys to try to stay young.

The Soros’s budget for “public information” had quadrupled this year as it mounted similar cyber attacks on behalf of left-wing candidates in France, Germany and other European countries.

“Google, Facebook, Soros and pretty much all of Silicon Valley Exist to lie to the public and rig elections” Say multiple experts.

[How Google Could Rig the 2016 Election - POLITICO Magazine](#)

2016. How **Google** Could **Rig** the 2016 **Election**. **Google** has the ability to drive millions of votes to a candidate with no one the wiser. By Robert Epstein

 politico.com/magazine/story/2015/08/how-google-could-r...

[More results](#)

Google could 'rig the 2016 election,' researcher says - Aug ...

Google's influence on the 2016 **election** could tip the scales in favor of its own chosen candidate, says behavioral psychologist Robert Epstein.

money.cnn.com/2015/08/20/technology/google-2016-electio...

Could Google Rig the 2016 Election? Don't Believe the Hype ...

Could **Google Rig** the 2016 ... "How **Google** Could **Rig** the 2016 **Election**, ... **Google's** search algorithm can easily shift the voting preferences of ...

thedailybeast.com/articles/2015/09/21/could-google-rig-the-...

Top Psychologist: Google's Algorithm Will Rig the Election ...

Top Psychologist: **Google's** Algorithm Will **Rig** the **Election** For Hillary
Search engine's power to manipulate public opinion represents a "threat to
democracy"

infowars.com/top-psychologist-googles-algorithm-will-r...

How Google Could Rig the 2016 Election - Robert Epstein ...

2016. How **Google** Could **Rig** the 2016 **Election**. **Google** has the ability to drive millions of votes to a candidate with no one the wiser. By ROBERT EPSTEIN

 politico.com/magazine/story/2015/08/how-google-could-r...

[How Google Could Rig The 2016 Election | Zero Hedge](#)

Given how powerful this effect is, it's possible that **Google** decided the winner of the Indian **election**. **Google's** own daily data on **election**-related

...

 zerohedge.com/news/2015-08-20/how-google-could-rig-2016...

[Google Working to Rig the Election for Hillary | RedState](#)

The Washington Free Beacon reports that **Google's** Eric Schmidt is working directly with the Hillary Clinton presidential campaign. With all due respect to Sen. Rubio ...

RS redstate.com/california_yankee/2016/10/19/google-worki...

Flashback: How Google Could Rig the 2016 Election » Alex ...

Flashback: How **Google** Could **Rig** the 2016 **Election** The Search Engine Manipulation Effect (SEME) turns out to be one of the largest behavioral effects ever discovered

➤ infowars.com/flashback-how-google-could-rig-the-2016-e...

Google Could 'Rig the 2016 Election,' Researchers Claim ...

Research psychologist Robert Epstein conducted a study that shows **Google** has the power to sway voter opinion and **rig** the 2016 **election**.

F fortune.com/2015/08/23/research-google-rig-election/

Could Google rig the 2016 election? | Komando.com

Robert Epstein, a senior research psychologist at the American Institute for Behavioral Research and Technology, has been researching **Google's** potential for **election** ...

komando.com/happening-now/322077/could-google-rig-the...

Can Anyone Stop Google From Rigging The 2016 Presidential ...

Rig the 2016 presidential **election** through something called "Search Engine Manipulation?" ... **Google** could influence and potentially **rig elections** across the globe.

 uproxx.com/technology/google-2016-presidential-elect...

[88] CENTCOM Lies & Google Rigs Elections - YouTube

[88] CENTCOM Lies & **Google Rigs Elections** Watching the Hawks RT. ...
Tabetha Wallace reveals how **Google** might be able to **rig** our **elections**.

 youtube.com/watch?v=sKMRZOSIY2o

Who Bribes Politicians and Rigs Elections At Google? | ULTRA ...

Who Bribes Politicians and **Rigs Elections** At **Google**? By Town Hall Public Meetings David Noam - Global Partnerships Strategy at **Google**

► <https://ultralightvehicles.wordpress.com/2017/02/04/who-bribes-politicians-and-rig...>

Can Google Rig Elections? | MetaFilter

I'm sure **Google** could, in some small way, influence **elections** (**rig** is certainly not the right word). I'm also sure that this article is just a confused mess.

metafilter.com/152368/Can-Google-Rig-Elections